

China Construction Bank Corporation - Hong Kong Branch
Financial Information Disclosure Statement
For the six months ended 30 June 2016
Section A: Hong Kong Branch Information

2 SEP 2016

Income Statement

	<i>Note</i>	<i>Six months ended 30 June 2016 HK\$'000</i>	<i>Six months ended 30 June 2015 HK\$'000</i>
Interest income		3,792,881	4,021,869
Interest expense		(3,052,800)	(3,549,481)
Net interest income		740,081	472,388
Net fee and commission income	1	157,328	94,781
Net trading gains	2	448,229	297,848
Other operating income	3	284,657	32,834
Operating income		1,630,295	897,851
Operating expenses	4	(218,393)	(174,741)
		1,411,902	723,110
Impairment allowances charged on loans and advances		(415,073)	(21,332)
Impairment allowances charged on available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities		-	(11)
Profit/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets		30	(1)
Profit before tax		996,859	701,766
Taxation charge	5	(176,252)	(115,468)
Net profit		820,607	586,298

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Statement of Financial Position

	<i>Note</i>	<i>As at</i> 30 June 2016 HK\$'000	<i>As at</i> 31 December 2015 HK\$'000
Assets			
Cash and deposits with banks		94,870,690	81,826,763
Placements with banks which have a residual contractual maturity of more than one month but not more than twelve months		11,367,430	9,012,890
Amounts due from overseas offices		74,619,112	70,462,452
Trade bills		12,183,255	21,701,763
Certificates of deposit held		48,975,303	37,074,892
Loans and advances to customers and other accounts	6	226,677,277	190,076,109
Available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities	11	21,168,961	5,540,419
Unlisted equity investment		1	1
Fixed assets		36	66
Other assets		132,177	2,177
Total assets		489,994,242	415,697,532
Equity and liabilities			
Deposits from banks		175,287,856	119,529,970
Deposits from customers	12	116,323,740	108,703,003
Amounts due to overseas offices		119,970,155	47,615,988
Certificates of deposit issued		68,388,854	108,180,785
Other liabilities		8,906,543	29,888,945
Total liabilities		488,877,148	413,918,691
Reserves	15	1,117,094	1,778,841
Total equity and liabilities		489,994,242	415,697,532

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Notes to the financial information

1 Net fee and commission income

	<i>For the six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June 2016</i>	<i>30 June 2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fee and commission income	219,963	105,414
Fee and commission expenses	(62,635)	(10,633)
	<u>157,328</u>	<u>94,781</u>

2 Net trading gains

	<i>For the six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June 2016</i>	<i>30 June 2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies	448,907	297,848
Gains less losses from other trading activities	(678)	-
	<u>448,229</u>	<u>297,848</u>

Net trading gains included a foreign exchange revaluation gain of HKD125 million (30 June 2015: HKD297 million) on RMB foreign exchange contracts entered into for hedging the position of the CCB Group.

3 Other Operating Income

	<i>For the six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June 2016</i>	<i>30 June 2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	278,315	27,927
Others	6,342	4,907
	<u>284,657</u>	<u>32,834</u>

4 Operating expenses

	<i>For the six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June 2016</i>	<i>30 June 2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Premises expenses	5,834	10,033
Others	212,559	164,708
	<u>218,393</u>	<u>174,741</u>

5 Taxation charge

	<i>For the six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June 2016</i>	<i>30 June 2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax - Hong Kong Profits Tax		
- Provision for the year	232,922	118,622
Current tax - Overseas		
- Withholding tax charged in the Mainland	11,829	18
Deferred tax		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(68,499)	(3,172)
	<u>176,252</u>	<u>115,468</u>

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

6 Loans and advances to customers and other accounts

	<i>As at 30 June 2016 HK\$'000</i>	<i>As at 31 December 2015 HK\$'000</i>
Loans and advances to customers	<u>201,505,395</u>	<u>177,880,361</u>
Less: Impairment allowances		
- Collectively assessed	(912,433)	(496,532)
- Individually assessed	-	(6,850)
	<u>(912,433)</u>	<u>(503,382)</u>
	<u>200,592,962</u>	<u>177,376,979</u>
Other accounts		
- Accrued interest receivables	2,192,308	1,832,834
- Others	23,892,007	10,866,296
	<u>26,084,315</u>	<u>12,699,130</u>
	<u>226,677,277</u>	<u>190,076,109</u>

7 Analysis of loans and advances to customers

The following economic sector analysis is based on the categories and definitions used by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority:

(a) Analysis by industry categories

	<i>As at 30 June 2016</i>		<i>As at 31 December 2015</i>	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% covered by collateral</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% covered by collateral</i>
<i>Industry categories:</i>				
Industrial, commercial and financial				
- Property development	8,442,999	0.00%	6,437,675	0.00%
- Property investment	7,251,122	74.13%	2,753,774	56.29%
- Financial concerns	13,414,938	68.13%	2,892,181	39.28%
- Stockbrokers	-	-	400,000	0.00%
- Wholesale and retail trade	9,993,962	2.76%	1,935,636	14.94%
- Manufacturing	2,126,945	51.34%	2,336,396	61.39%
- Transport and transport equipment	2,730,449	2.75%	2,054,764	3.96%
- Information technology	4,397,930	0.00%	6,719,783	1.71%
- Others	2,587,458	0.00%	5,850,090	46.37%
Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong	50,945,803	31.32%	31,380,299	23.32%
Trade finance	20,431,378	0.00%	30,457,660	0.00%
Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong	130,128,214	42.24%	116,042,402	58.28%
Total	<u>201,505,395</u>	<u>35.19%</u>	<u>177,880,361</u>	<u>42.14%</u>

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

7 Analysis of loans and advances to customers (continued)

(b) Analysis by geographical areas

	<i>Total loans and advances to customers</i> HK\$'000	<i>Impaired loans and advances to customers</i> HK\$'000	<i>Overdue loans and advances to customers</i> HK\$'000	<i>Individual impairment allowances</i> HK\$'000	<i>Collective impairment allowances</i> HK\$'000
As at 30 June 2016					
Hong Kong	143,690,590	-	-	-	726,432
The Mainland	44,928,856	-	-	-	51,933
United Arab Emirates	4,380,384	-	-	-	47,137
Others	8,505,565	-	-	-	86,931
Total	<u>201,505,395</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>912,433</u>
As at 31 December 2015					
Hong Kong	120,217,307	6,833	6,833	6,850	361,575
The Mainland	48,257,845	-	-	-	37,784
United Arab Emirates	4,465,701	-	-	-	51,673
Others	4,939,508	-	-	-	45,500
Total	<u>177,880,361</u>	<u>6,833</u>	<u>6,833</u>	<u>6,850</u>	<u>496,532</u>

Loans and advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties.

8 Overdue and rescheduled assets

(a) Overdue loans and advances	<i>As at 30 June 2016</i>		<i>As at 31 December 2015</i>	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% of total loans and advances to customers</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>% of total loans and advances to customers</i>
Overdue loans and advances to customers				
- more than 1 month but not more than 3 months	-	-	-	0.00%
- more than 3 months but not more than 6 months	-	-	-	0.00%
- more than 6 months but not more than 1 year	-	-	-	0.00%
- more than 1 year	-	-	6,833	0.00%
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,833</u>	<u>0.00%</u>
Fair value of collateral held against the secured overdue loans and advances	-		5,561	
Covered portion	-		5,561	
Uncovered portion	-		1,272	
Individual impairment allowance made	-		6,850	

There were no overdue loans and advances to banks as at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015.

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

8 Overdue and rescheduled assets (continued)

(b) Rescheduled loans and advances	<i>As at 30 June 2016</i>		<i>As at 31 December 2015</i>	
	HK\$'000	% of total loans and advances to customers	HK\$'000	% of total loans and advances to customers
Rescheduled loans and advances to customers	-	-	6,833	0.00%

There were no rescheduled loans and advances to banks as at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015.

(c) Other overdue assets	<i>As at</i>	<i>As at</i>
	30 June 2016	31 December 2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Over one year	94,705	94,598

There were no other assets overdue for over three months but one year or less as at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015.

9 Impaired loans and advances	<i>As at</i>	<i>As at</i>
	30 June 2016	31 December 2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Impaired loans and advances to customers	-	6,833
As a percentage to total loans and advances to customers	-	0.00%
Individual impairment allowances on impaired loans and advances to customers	-	6,850
Value of collateral held against the impaired loans and advances to customers	-	5,561

Impaired loans and advances to customers are those loans and advances where full repayment of principal and/or interest is considered unlikely and are so classified as soon as such a situation becomes apparent.

There were no impaired loans and advances to banks and repossessed assets as at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015.

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

10 Mainland activities exposures

(i) As at 30 June 2016

<i>Types of counterparties</i>	<i>On-balance sheet exposure HK\$'000</i>	<i>Off-balance sheet exposure HK\$'000</i>	<i>Total HK\$'000</i>
(a) Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	87,565,627	21,301,224	108,866,851
(b) Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	8,914,010	2,161,897	11,075,907
(c) PRC nationals residing in the Mainland or other entities incorporated in the Mainland and their subsidiaries and JVs	54,535,044	14,494,432	69,029,476
(d) Other entities of central government not reported in item (a) above	2,624,379	293,630	2,918,009
(e) Other entities of local governments not reported in item (b) above	391,462	-	391,462
(f) PRC nationals residing outside the Mainland or entities incorporated outside the Mainland where the credit is granted for use in the Mainland	11,105,215	1,344,694	12,449,909
(g) Other counterparties where the exposure is considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland exposures	1,602,346	-	1,602,346
Total	<u>166,738,083</u>	<u>39,595,877</u>	<u>206,333,960</u>
Total assets after provision	<u>489,994,242</u>		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	<u>34.03%</u>		

(ii) As at 31 December 2015

<i>Types of counterparties</i>	<i>On-balance sheet exposure HK\$'000</i>	<i>Off-balance sheet exposure HK\$'000</i>	<i>Total HK\$'000</i>
(a) Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	78,502,438	25,376,378	103,878,816
(b) Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	8,234,355	1,633,227	9,867,582
(c) PRC nationals residing in the Mainland or other entities incorporated in the Mainland and their subsidiaries and JVs	53,240,543	3,760,606	57,001,149
(d) Other entities of central government not reported in item (a) above	2,175,243	453,518	2,628,761
(e) Other entities of local governments not reported in item (b) above	701,401	-	701,401
(f) PRC nationals residing outside the Mainland or entities incorporated outside the Mainland where the credit is granted for use in the Mainland	12,413,165	2,605	12,415,770
(g) Other counterparties where the exposure is considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland exposures	1,051,910	-	1,051,910
Total	<u>156,319,055</u>	<u>31,226,334</u>	<u>187,545,389</u>
Total assets after provision	<u>415,697,532</u>		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	<u>37.60%</u>		

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

11 Available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities

	<i>As at 30 June 2016 HK\$'000</i>	<i>As at 31 December 2015 HK\$'000</i>
Available-for-sale securities	21,168,961	5,540,419
Held-to-maturity securities	94,705	94,598
	<u>21,263,666</u>	<u>5,635,017</u>
Less: Impairment allowances - Individually assessed	<u>(94,705)</u>	<u>(94,598)</u>
Total	<u>21,168,961</u>	<u>5,540,419</u>

12 Deposits from customers

	<i>As at 30 June 2016 HK\$'000</i>	<i>As at 31 December 2015 HK\$'000</i>
Demand deposits and current accounts	692,654	2,170,333
Savings deposits	9,449,809	9,453,121
Time, call and notice deposits	106,181,277	97,079,549
	<u>116,323,740</u>	<u>108,703,003</u>

13 International claims

The international claims are the sum of cross-border claims in all currencies and local claims in foreign currencies. International claims include loans and advances to customers, deposits and placements with banks and non-bank financial institutions, holdings of trade bills and certificates of deposit and investment securities.

International claims have been disclosed by country and geographical area. A country or geographical area is reported when it constitutes 10% or more of the aggregate amount of international claims, after taking into account any risk transfer. Risk is transferred only when the Branch effectively transfers the risk from a particular country or geographical area to other country or geographical area by applying credit risk mitigants. The credit risk can be mitigated through guarantees, collateral and credit derivatives.

	<i>Non-bank private sector</i>				
	<i>Banks</i>	<i>Official sector</i>	<i>Non-bank financial institutions</i>	<i>Non-financial private sector</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 30 June 2016					
Offshore centres	79,328,509	-	6,650,049	42,774,271	128,752,829
- of which Hong Kong	<u>79,323,620</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,559,045</u>	<u>40,856,245</u>	<u>126,738,910</u>
Developing Asia and Pacific	150,303,595	14,061,286	32,922,760	73,898,029	271,185,670
- of which the Mainland	<u>150,303,595</u>	<u>14,061,286</u>	<u>32,922,760</u>	<u>73,563,160</u>	<u>270,850,801</u>
	<i>Non-bank private sector</i>				
	<i>Banks</i>	<i>Official sector</i>	<i>Non-bank financial institutions</i>	<i>Non-financial private sector</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 31 December 2015					
Offshore centres	57,979,224	-	29,256,999	8,006,798	95,243,021
- of which Hong Kong	<u>57,933,860</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>29,159,112</u>	<u>7,345,191</u>	<u>94,438,163</u>
Developing Asia and Pacific	145,739,947	-	9,975,205	105,102,728	260,817,880
- of which the Mainland	<u>145,739,947</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,975,205</u>	<u>104,735,721</u>	<u>260,450,873</u>

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

14 Foreign currency exposures

Net foreign currency positions amounting to 10% or more of the net position in all foreign currencies are disclosed as follows:

As at 30 June 2016

	<i>USD</i>	<i>CNY</i>
	HK\$'000 equiv	HK\$'000 equiv
Spot assets	219,792,870	122,683,349
Spot liabilities	(213,545,683)	(125,068,294)
Forward purchases	182,594,177	168,238,156
Forward sales	(191,919,862)	(162,592,247)
Net (short)/long position	<u>(3,078,498)</u>	<u>3,260,964</u>

As at 31 December 2015

	<i>USD</i>	<i>CNY</i>
	HK\$'000 equiv	HK\$'000 equiv
Spot assets	219,945,862	94,910,144
Spot liabilities	(171,918,829)	(118,751,706)
Forward purchases	247,546,682	236,963,717
Forward sales	(302,509,780)	(205,562,027)
Net (short)/long position	<u>(6,936,065)</u>	<u>7,560,128</u>

There was no structural and option position as at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015.

15 Reserves

(a) The components of reserves are as follows

	<i>As at</i>	<i>As at</i>
	<i>30 June</i>	<i>31 December</i>
	<i>2016</i>	<i>2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Available-for-sale securities revaluation reserve, net of deferred tax	101,663	467,513
Regulatory reserve	194,824	194,824
Retained earnings	820,607	1,116,504
Total reserves	<u>1,117,094</u>	<u>1,778,841</u>

(b) Regulatory reserve

	<i>For the</i>	<i>For the</i>
	<i>six months</i>	<i>year ended</i>
	<i>ended</i>	<i>31 December</i>
	<i>30 June 2016</i>	<i>2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 1 January	194,824	183,970
Transfer from retained earnings	-	10,854
As at 30 June/31 December	<u>194,824</u>	<u>194,824</u>

The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance for prudential supervision purposes. Movements in the reserve are made directly through retained earnings and in consultation with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

16 Off-balance sheet exposures

(a) The contractual or notional amounts

	<i>As at</i>		<i>As at</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>31 December</i>	
	<i>2016</i>		<i>2015</i>	
	HK\$'000		HK\$'000	
Contingent liabilities and commitments				
- Direct credit substitutes	38,135,467		40,556,507	
- Trade-related contingencies	639,820		767,021	
- Other commitments	27,698,563		17,822,356	
	66,473,850		59,145,884	
	<i>As at 30 June 2016</i>		<i>As at 31 December 2015</i>	
	<i>Trading</i>	<i>Hedging</i>	<i>Trading</i>	<i>Hedging</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Derivatives				
- Exchange rate contracts	374,935,595	174,703	549,842,603	176,916
- Interest rate contracts	14,371,169	5,532,472	13,493,226	11,446,159
	389,306,764	5,707,175	563,335,829	11,623,075

The contractual or notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as of the balance sheet date. They do not represent amounts at risk.

(b) Fair value of derivatives

As at 30 June 2016	<i>Trading</i>		<i>Hedging</i>	
	<i>Positive</i>	<i>Negative</i>	<i>Positive</i>	<i>Negative</i>
	<i>fair value</i>	<i>fair value</i>	<i>fair value</i>	<i>fair value</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
- Exchange rate contracts	2,922,299	(2,686,476)	-	(8,001)
- Interest rate contracts	20,141	(20,141)	76,033	(34,449)
	2,942,440	(2,706,617)	76,033	(42,450)
As at 31 December 2015	<i>Trading</i>		<i>Hedging</i>	
	<i>Positive</i>	<i>Negative</i>	<i>Positive</i>	<i>Negative</i>
	<i>fair value</i>	<i>fair value</i>	<i>fair value</i>	<i>fair value</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
- Exchange rate contracts	4,996,598	(5,440,655)	-	(15,651)
- Interest rate contracts	9,340	(9,340)	73,084	(33,640)
	5,005,938	(5,449,995)	73,084	(49,291)

There is no effect of bilateral netting agreement on the fair value of derivatives.

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

17 Liquidity

(a) Average liquidity coverage ratio ("LCR")

	2016	2015
First quarter	120.34%	168.16%
Second quarter	136.23%	98.90%

The average LCR for each quarter is based on the arithmetic mean of its LCR as at each month-end in the quarter as required by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority for its regulatory purposes.

The composition of the Branch's high quality liquid assets ("HQLA") as defined under Schedule 2 of the Banking (Liquidity) Rules is shown as below. The majority of the HQLA held by the Branch are Level 1 assets which mainly consist of government debt securities.

	<i>Weighted amount (Average value)</i>			
	<i>Quarter ended</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
	<i>30 June</i>	<i>31 March</i>	<i>30 June</i>	<i>31 March</i>
	<i>2016</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2015</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Level 1 assets	57,719,338	33,910,108	28,027,497	28,919,074
Level 2B assets	122,484	508,631	556,310	676,962
Total weighted amount of HQLA	<u>57,841,822</u>	<u>34,418,739</u>	<u>28,583,807</u>	<u>29,596,036</u>

To comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Standard Disclosure Template is shown in the appendix.

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17 Liquidity (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk management strategy

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hong Kong Branch of China Construction Bank Corporation (the “Branch”) may not be able to fund the increase in assets or meet obligations as they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses. This may be caused by market disruption or liquidity squeeze whereby the Branch may only unwind specific exposures at significantly discounted values.

The Branch adopts a prudent risk appetite in setting liquidity risk tolerance. Risk appetite is set in the form of liquidity risk limit and metric framework.

The Branch sets out its liquidity funding strategy according to the size and sophistication of its business, as well as the nature and complexity of its activities.

The objective of the Branch’s funding strategy is to strive for a balance between business growth opportunities and funding stability. The Branch seeks to maintain diversified and stable funding sources with an appropriate mix of liabilities including customer deposits, interbank borrowings, issuance of negotiable certificates of deposit and debt instruments.

To manage the currency mismatch and avoid over-reliance on the currency swap market, the Branch sets limits on swapped fund ratios of major currency positions which are subject to daily monitoring. The swapped fund ratios limit the extent of one currency’s assets being funded by other currencies through the swap market.

The funding support provided by the Head Office of China Construction Bank Corporation (“Head Office”) is one of the important components in the Branch’s funding strategies. The funding support from Head Office also provides additional liquidity cushion in case of a local market liquidity drain.

Liquidity risk management responsibilities

The Executive Committee is ultimately responsible for having an effective liquidity risk management framework in place. Risk Management Committee (“RMC”) is set up to oversee the Branch’s overall asset quality as well as resolving all important risk-related or governance issues including those on liquidity risk. The RMC is responsible for providing guidance and overseeing the Branch’s liquidity risk management strategy and development; review or approve liquidity risk management policies and review the Branch’s liquidity risk position.

The Asset and Liability Committee (“ALCO”) is a committee delegated by the Branch’s Senior Management to oversee the Branch’s assets and liabilities. Its main responsibility is to develop strategies on the asset and liability structure according to the annual business plan and financial budgets assigned by Head Office.

Regular meetings of various committees are held to review the compliance status of liquidity measurements and the needs of change in strategy and policy. Daily liquidity management is performed by the Treasury. Risk Management Division is responsible for the daily monitoring of the liquidity limits and measurements, and submits regular reports of the liquidity profile to ALCO and RMC. Internal Audit periodically performs independent reviews on liquidity management framework to ensure the validity and effectiveness of the Branch’s liquidity risk management functions.

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Notes to the financial information (continued)

17 Liquidity (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk management monitoring framework

The Liquidity risk management monitoring framework is formed by the following measures:

- Cash Flow Projection is to collect the next 30-day cash flow information arisen from loan and deposit business by various front line divisions. By consolidating this projection with the cash flow from Treasury's transactions, the Branch's overall cash flow can be projected and such information will take an important part in the Branch's liquidity funding management.
- Liquidity Stress Testing is regularly conducted to project the Branch's cash flows under stress scenarios and evaluate the sufficiency of liquidity cushion. The stress scenarios cover institution-specific crisis scenario, general market crisis scenario and combined crisis scenario. The cash flows under each stress scenario are determined by applying a standard set of prescribed stress assumptions to the Branch's cash flow projection. The stress test results are regularly reported to the RMC and ALCO. The definition of liquidity cushion being held by the Branch is consistent to the definition of High Quality Liquid Assets for purposes of determining the Branch's Liquidity Coverage Ratio. It is the Branch's policy that the liquidity cushion should be able to cover projected cash outflows under various prescribed stress scenarios.
- Maturity Profile Analysis analyzes the assets and liabilities by their remaining maturities into different time buckets. The gap amount for each time bucket represents the liquidity exposure after netting the assets and liabilities maturing in the same bucket. The Branch daily monitors gap limits for each time bucket.
- Swapped Fund Ratio is designed to measure the reliance of the Branch on FX Swap market to fund the currency mismatch. Branch sets limits on swapped fund ratios of major currency positions which are subject to daily monitoring.

Contingency funding plan ("CFP")

The Branch has a CFP which clearly defines a set of triggering events that will activate the plan as well as the mechanisms for identification, monitoring and reporting of such events. The mechanisms incorporate:

- A set of early warning indicators that helps to identify any emerging liquidity risks at an early stage.
- A list of potential funding sources, with due consideration of their reliability, priority and the expected available time during liquidity crisis, is stated.
- Detailed action steps and properly assigned responsibilities to implement the CFP in case of need.

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B. Bank Information (consolidated basis)

I. Capital and capital adequacy

	<i>As at</i> <i>30 June</i> <i>2016</i> RMB million	<i>As at</i> <i>31 December</i> <i>2015</i> RMB million
Total capital ratio	15.09%	15.39%
Total equity	1,505,960	1,445,083

The total capital ratio is calculated in accordance with the guidelines issued by the China Banking Regulatory Commission. These guidelines are different from the document or Directive referred to in paragraph (a) Section 105 Chapter 155M of Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

II. Other financial information

	<i>As at</i> <i>30 June</i> <i>2016</i> RMB million	<i>As at</i> <i>31 December</i> <i>2015</i> RMB million
Total assets	19,760,148	18,349,489
Total liabilities	18,254,188	16,904,406
Total loans and advances to customers	10,861,990	10,234,523
Total customer deposits	14,675,541	13,668,533
	<i>For the six months ended</i> <i>30 June</i> <i>2016</i> RMB million	<i>30 June</i> <i>2015</i> RMB million
Profit before tax	169,878	169,207

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Statement of compliance

To the best of my knowledge, the information disclosed complies fully with disclosure provisions of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

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Jiang Xianzhou
Chief Executive
China Construction Bank Corporation, Hong Kong Branch

China Construction Bank Corporation - Hong Kong Branch
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Appendix: Liquidity Coverage Ratio Standard Disclosure Template

		Quarter ended 30 June 2016		Quarter ended 31 March 2016		Quarter ended 30 June 2015		Quarter ended 31 March 2015	
		UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)
Number of data points used in calculating the average value of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and related components set out in this Template for the quarter ending on 31 March 2015, 30 June 2015, 31 March 2016 and 30 June 2016 : (3)									
Basis of disclosure: Hong Kong office Currency: HK\$'000									
A. HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS									
1	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)		57,841,822		34,418,739		28,583,807		29,596,036
B. CASH OUTFLOWS									
2	Retail deposits and small business funding, of which:	317	32	359	36	389	39	388	39
3	Stable retail deposits and stable small business funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Less stable retail deposits and less stable small business funding	317	32	359	36	389	39	388	39
5	Retail term deposits and small business term funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) and debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the institution, of which:	176,449,350	154,721,735	127,542,390	101,942,737	130,436,472	108,742,188	89,089,036	65,906,288
7	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) not covered in Row 7	167,368,887	145,641,272	109,034,952	83,435,299	119,926,385	98,232,101	71,944,468	48,761,721
9	Debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the institution and redeemable within the LCR period	9,080,463	9,080,463	18,507,438	18,507,438	10,510,087	10,510,087	17,144,568	17,144,567
10	Secured funding transactions (including securities swap transactions)								
11	Additional requirements, of which:	20,905,978	3,085,612	16,396,609	2,841,144	15,979,849	1,767,960	16,241,274	1,729,908
12	Cash outflows arising from derivative contracts and other transactions, and additional liquidity needs arising from related collateral requirements	438,905	438,905	434,799	434,799	188,861	188,861	117,534	117,534
13	Cash outflows arising from obligations under structured financing transactions and repayment of funding obtained from such transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Potential drawdown of undrawn committed facilities (including committed credit facilities and committed liquidity facilities)	20,467,073	2,646,707	15,961,810	2,406,345	15,790,988	1,579,099	16,123,740	1,612,374
15	Contractual lending obligations (not otherwise covered in Section B) and other contractual cash outflows	858,717	858,717	5,415,127	5,415,127	2,259,735	2,259,735	775	775
16	Other contingent funding obligations (whether contractual or non-contractual)	47,657,548	4,235,867	45,603,308	4,203,178	32,037,268	2,842,683	34,663,322	2,762,296
17	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		162,901,963		114,402,222		115,612,605		70,399,306
C. CASH INFLOWS									
18	Secured lending transactions (including securities swap transactions)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Secured and unsecured loans (other than secured lending transactions covered in Row 18) and operational deposits placed at other financial institutions	134,445,199	107,257,711	126,009,341	101,545,219	114,076,800	102,347,525	121,837,428	109,059,802
20	Other cash inflows	8,213,841	13,186,512	3,086,857	17,664,688	278,426	3,333,939	130,741	3,524,468
21	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	142,659,040	120,444,223	129,096,198	119,209,907	114,355,226	105,681,464	121,968,169	112,584,270
D. LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO									
22	TOTAL HQLA		57,841,822		34,418,739		28,583,807		29,596,036
23	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		42,457,740		28,600,556		28,903,151		17,599,826
24	LCR (%)		136.23%		120.34%		98.90%		168.16%