# Section A: Hong Kong Branch Information

## **Income Statement**

	Note	<i>2017</i> HK\$'000	<i>2016</i> HK\$'000
Interest income		12,069,392	8,504,184
Interest expense	_	(9,899,885)	(6,648,016)
Net interest income		2,169,507	1,856,168
Net fee and commission income	1	351,306	348,224
Net trading gains	2	283,782	375,803
Other operating income	3	32,637	298,963
Operating income		2,837,232	2,879,158
Operating expenses	4	(551,369)	(473,788)
		2,285,863	2,405,370
Impairment allowances charged on loans and advances		(388,837)	(727,892)
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	_	<del>-</del> -	30
Profit before tax		1,897,026	1,677,508
Taxation charge	5	(317,758)	(281,640)
Net profit	_	1,579,268	1,395,868

## **Statement of Financial Position**

	Note	As at 31 December 2017 HK\$'000	As at 30 June 2017 HK\$'000
Assets			
Cash and balances with banks		67,579,953	42,540,691
Placements with banks with residual contractual maturity more than one month but not more than twelve months		7 710 277	25 602 404
Loans to banks		7,710,377 3,579,329	25,603,494 1,500,971
Amounts due from overseas offices		139,032,248	1,500,971
Trade bills		• •	•
		5,775,381	9,756,308
Certificates of deposit held	_	57,184,352	91,845,636
Loans and advances to customers and other accounts	6	176,087,371	232,174,104
Available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities	11	89,451,707	69,947,777
Unlisted equity investment		1	1
Fixed assets		-	4
Other assets		589,022	329,334
Total assets		546,989,741	616,287,197
Equity and liabilities			
Deposits from banks		65,536,921	129,508,604
Deposits from customers	12	186,619,654	171,157,377
Amounts due to overseas offices		165,707,410	171,732,131
Certificates of deposit issued		114,902,488	126,286,674
Other liabilities		14,069,777	17,133,241
Total liabilities		546,836,250	615,818,027
Reserves	15	153,491	469,170
Total equity and liabilities	:	546,989,741	616,287,197

## Notes to the financial information

1	Net fee and commission income	For the year ended 31 December		
		2017	<i>2016</i> HK\$'000	
		HK\$'000	HK2.000	
	Fee and commission income	361,365	357,249	
	Fee and commission expense	(10,059)	(9,025)	
	-	351,306	348,224	
2	Net trading gains	For the year ende	d 31 Dagambar	
_	The truming guins	2017	2016	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies	285,803	356,015	
	Gains less losses from other trading activities	(2,021)	19,788	
	<u> </u>	283,782	375,803	
3	Net trading gains included a foreign exchange revaluatio HKD 3 million) on RMB foreign exchange contracts entered in Group.	to for hedging the posit	ion of the CCB	
3	Other operating income	For the year ende 2017	d 31 December 2016	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	Net gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	11,837	278,348	
	Others	20,800	20,615	
		32,637	298,963	
4	Operating expenses	For the year ende		
		<i>2017</i> HK\$'000	<i>2016</i> HK\$'000	
			11124 000	
	Premises expenses	10,632	11,365	
	Management fee paid	516,107	444,746	
	Others	24,630	17,677	
		551,369	473,788	
5	Taxation charge	For the year ender 2017	d 31 December 2016	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax - Provision for the year	377,344	391,598	
	Q	•	•	
	Current tax – Overseas - Withholding tax charged in the Mainland	4,662	10,169	
	Deferred tax			
	- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(64,248)	(120,127)	
	· · ·	317,758	281,640	
	·			

## Notes to the financial information (continued)

6 Loans and advances to customers and other accounts	As at 31 December 2017 HK\$'000	As at 30 June 2017 HK\$'000
Loans and advances to customers  Less: Impairment allowances	165,180,726	214,574,029
- Collectively assessed	(1,615,552)	(1,004,006)
	163,565,174	213,570,023
Other accounts		
- Accrued interest receivables	3,575,716	3,751,899
- Others	8,946,481	14,852,182
	12,522,197	18,604,081
	176,087,371	232,174,104

### 7 Analysis of loans and advances to customers

The following economic sector analysis is based on the categories and definitions used by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority:

### (a) Analysis by industry categories

	As at 31 December 2017		As at 30 J	lune 2017
·		% covered		% covered
	HK\$'000	by collateral	HK\$'000	by collateral
Industry categories:				
Industrial, commercial and financial				
- Property development	9,039,709	3.84%	4,921,686	28.80%
- Property investment	2,150,000	0.00%	6,453,873	73.89%
- Financial concerns	10,846,115	17.01%	13,320,228	90.41%
<ul> <li>Wholesale and retail trade</li> </ul>	7,690,462	0.00%	9,533,553	5.44%
- Manufacturing	62,515	0.00%	172,589	100.00%
- Transport and transport equipment	4,894,963	10.22%	5,222,607	31.27%
<ul> <li>Information technology</li> </ul>	422,676	0.00%	438,000	0.00%
- Others	9,553,600	31.89%	9,783,430	4.64%
Loans and advances for use in				
Hong Kong	44,660,040	12.85%	49,845,966	42.15%
Trade Finance	5,781,925	27.69%	11,230,774	2.73%
Loans and advances for use outside			,	
Hong Kong	114,738,761	43.33%	153,497,289	52.63%
Total	165,180,726	34.54%	214,574,029	47.58%

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

#### 7 Analysis of loans and advances to customers (continued)

### (b) Analysis by geographical areas

	Total loans and advances to customers HK\$'000	Impaired loans and advances to customers HK\$'000	Overdue loans and advances to customers HK\$'000	Individual impairment allowances HK\$'000	Collective impairment allowances HK\$'000
As at 31 December 2017					
Hong Kong	124,183,547	_	-	-	1,427,820
The Mainland	30,374,724	-	_	-	76,315
United Arab Emirates	465,969	**	-	-	6,004
Others	10,156,486				105,413
Total	165,180,726	_	_		1,615,552
As at 30 June 2017					
Hong Kong	157,881,269	_	-	-	809,480
The Mainland	44,412,662	-	-	-	82,465
United Arab Emirates	1,022,195	-	•	-	13,270
Others	11,257,903				98,791
Total	214,574,029		_		1,004,006

Loans and advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties.

### 8 Overdue and rescheduled assets

(a) Overdue loans and advances

There were no overdue loans and advances as at 31 December 2017 and 30 June 2017.

(b) Rescheduled loans and advances

There were no rescheduled loans and advances as at 31 December 2017 and 30 June 2017.

(c)	Other overdue assets	As at 30 December 2017 HK\$'000	As at 30 June 2017 HK\$'000
	Over one year	95,383	95,274

There were no other assets overdue for over three months but one year or less as at 31 December 2017 and 30 June 2017.

#### 9 Impaired loans and advances

Impaired loans and advances to customers are those loans and advances where full repayment of principal and/or interest is considered unlikely and are so classified as soon as such a situation becomes apparent.

There were no impaired loans and advances and repossessed assets as at 31 December 2017 and 30 June 2017.

# Notes to the financial information (continued)

## 10 Mainland activities exposures

### (i) As at 31 December 2017

	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	
Types of counterparties	exposure HK\$'000	exposure HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
(a) Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	65,879,372	20,617,909	86,497,281
<ul> <li>(b) Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs</li> </ul>	9,787,448	795,473	10,582,921
(c) PRC nationals residing in the Mainland or other entities incorporated in the Mainland and their subsidiaries and JVs	55,857,483	17,429,633	73,287,116
(d) Other entities of central government not reported in item (a) above	1,372,389	520,960	1,893,349
(e) Other entities of local governments not reported in item (b) above	-	<u>.</u>	-
(f) PRC nationals residing outside the Mainland or entities incorporated outside the Mainland where the credit is granted for use in the Mainland	4,162,903	397,179	4,560,082
(g) Other counterparties where the exposure is considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland exposures	3,550,229	_	3,550,229
Total	140,609,824	39,761,154	180,370,978
Total assets after provision	546,989,741		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	25.71%		

## Notes to the financial information (continued)

## 10 Mainland activities exposures (continued)

(ii) As at 30 Ju	une 2017			
		On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	
Types of c	ounterparties	<i>exposure</i> HK\$'000	exposure HK\$'000	<i>Total</i> HK\$'000
gove	tral government, central ernment-owned entities and their sidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	100,046,300	23,903,460	123,949,760
gove	al governments, local ernment-owned entities and their sidiaries and JVs	11,107,351	2,011,238	13,118,589
or of	C nationals residing in the Mainland ther entities incorporated in the nland and their subsidiaries and JVs	70,315,330	4,545,201	74,860,531
	er entities of central government not orted in item (a) above	2,790,258	648,961	3,439,219
	er entities of local governments not orted in item (b) above	-	<u>-</u>	-
Main outs	nationals residing outside the nland or entities incorporated ide the Mainland where the credit is ted for use in the Mainland	6,686,421	4,279,923	10,966,344
is co	er counterparties where the exposure onsidered by the reporting institution e non-bank Mainland exposures	572,738	 -	572,738
Total		191,518,398	35,388,783	226,907,181
Total asset	s after provision	616,287,197		
On-balance total asse	e sheet exposures as percentage of ets	31.08%		

# Notes to the financial information (continued)

11 Available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities	As at 31 December 2017 HK\$'000	As at 30 June 2017 HK\$'000
Available-for-sale securities	89,451,707	69,947,777
Held-to-maturity securities	95,383	95,274
	89,547,090	70,043,051
Less: Impairment allowances		•
- Individually assessed	(95,383)	(95,274)
Total	89,451,707	69,947,777
12 Deposits from customers	As at 31 December 2017 HK\$'000	As at 30 June 2017 HK\$'000
Demand deposits and current accounts	1,233,624	765,537
Savings deposits	13,889,733	6,991,462
Time, call and notice deposits	171,496,297	163,400,378
	186,619,654	171,157,377

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

#### 13 International claims

The international claims are the sum of cross-border claims in all currencies and local claims in foreign currencies. International claims include loans and advances to customers, deposits and placements with banks and non-bank financial institutions, holdings of trade bills and certificates of deposit and investment securities.

International claims have been disclosed by country and geographical area. A country or geographical area is reported when it constitutes 10% or more of the aggregate amount of international claims, after taking into account any risk transfer. Risk is transferred only when the Branch effectively transfers the risk from a particular country or geographical area to other country or geographical area by applying credit risk mitigants. The credit risk can be mitigated through guarantees, collateral and credit derivatives.

doily delives.			Non-bank private sector		
	Banks HK\$'000	Official sector HK\$'000	Non-bank financial institutions HK\$'000	Non-financial private sector HK\$'000	<i>Total</i> HK\$'000
As at 31 December	2017				
Offshore centres	65,179,350	-	5,039,935	38,492,913	108,712,198
- of which Hong Kong	65,175,236	**	4,970,804	37,314,894	107,460,934
Developing Asia and Pacific	275,668,012	-	7,545,594	67,712,287	350,925,893
- of which the Mainland	274,727,005		7,545,594	67,353,086	349,625,685
			Non-bank	private sector	
	<i>Banks</i> HK\$'000	Official sector HK\$'000	Non-bank financial institutions HK\$'000	Non- financial private sector HK\$'000	<i>Total</i> HK\$'000
As at 30 June 2017					
Offshore centres	24,803,749	-	4,322,353	50,589,419	79,715,521
- of which Hong Kong	23,869,756		4,245,566	49,005,336	77,120,658
Developing Asia and Pacific	316,990,866	-	34,050,564	75,673,350	426,714,780
- of which the Mainland	316,990,844		34,050,564	75,199,980	426,241,388

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

#### 14 Foreign currency exposures

Net foreign currency positions amounting to 10% or more of the net position in all foreign currencies are disclosed as follows:

As at 31 December 2017	USD	CNY
	HK\$'000 equiv	HK\$'000 equiv
Spot assets	261,549,372	147,097,690
Spot liabilities	(302,910,461)	(148,200,076)
Forward purchases	170,123,180	106,057,958
Forward sales	(128,798,619)	(106,813,431)
Net short position	(36,528)	(1,857,859)
As at 30 June 2017	USD	CNY
	HK\$'000 equiv	HK\$'000 equiv
Spot assets	288,962,111	154,574,814
Spot liabilities	(286,522,701)	(150,728,591)
Forward purchases	214,380,322	187,367,794
Forward sales	(216,682,112)	(192,284,693)
Net long / (short) position	137,620	(1,070,676)

There was no structural and option position as at 31 December 2017 and 30 June 2017.

### 15 Reserves

The components of reserves are as follows

The components of reserves are as follows	As at 31 December 2017 HK\$'000	As at 30 June 2017 HK\$'000
Investment revaluation reserve, net of deferred tax	(1,620,601)	(816,274)
Regulatory reserve	194,824	194,824
Retained earnings	1,579,268	1,090,620
Total reserves	153,491	469,170

The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance for prudential supervision purposes. Movements in the reserve are made directly through retained earnings and in consultation with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. There was no movement of regulatory reserve during year end 31 December 2017 and six months ended 30 June 2017.

## Notes to the financial information (continued)

### 16 Off-balance sheet exposures

(a)	The contractual or notional amounts			As at 31 December	As at 30 June
				2017	2017
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Contingent liabilities and commitment	S			
	- Direct credit substitutes			27,472,319	29,575,417
	- Trade-related contingencies			1,290,219	682,386
	- Other commitments			41,020,985	38,575,580
				69,783,523	68,833,383
		As at 31 Dec	ember 2017	As at 30 J	une 2017
		Trading	Hedging	Trading	Hedging
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000
	Derivatives				
	- Exchange rate contracts	319,158,463	179,970	444,452,148	172,589
	- Interest rate contracts	1,814,019	10,112,361	892,316	14,487,707
		320,972,482	10,292,331	445,344,464	14,660,296

The contractual or notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as of the balance sheet date. They do not represent amounts at risk.

### (b) Fair value of derivatives

As at 31 December 2017	Trac	ding	Hedg	ing
	Positive fair value HK\$'000	Negative fair value HK\$'000	Positive fair value HK\$'000	Negative fair value HK\$'000
- Exchange rate contracts	5,244,997	(5,324,868)	4,250	-
<ul> <li>Interest rate contracts</li> </ul>	2,450	(2,450)	154,363	(25,451)
	5,247,447	(5,327,318)	158,613	(25,451)
As at 30 June 2017	Trac	ding	Hedg	ing
	Positive	Negative	Positive	Negative
	fair value	fair value	fair value	fair value
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
- Exchange rate contracts	4,103,938	(4,433,770)	-	(13,764)
- Interest rate contracts	637	(1,048)	122,770	(67,563)
	4,104,575	(4,434,818)	122,770	(81,327)

There is no effect of bilateral netting agreement on the fair value of derivatives.

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

### 17 Liquidity

(a) Average liquidity coverage ratio ("LCR")

	2017	2016
First quarter	120.60%	120.34%
Second quarter	120.95%	136.23%
Third quarter	190.64%	142.27%
Fourth quarter	539.60%	140.39%

The average LCR for each quarter in 2017 is based on the arithmetic mean of its LCR as at the end of each working day in the quarter. The average LCR for each quarter in 2016 is based on the arithmetic mean of its LCR as at each month-end in the quarter as required by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority for its regulatory purposes.

The composition of the Branch's high quality liquid assets ("HQLA") as defined under Schedule 2 of the Banking (Liquidity) Rules is shown as below.

		Weighted amount (A	Average value)	
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	ended	ended	~ ended	– ended
	31 December	30 September	30 June	31 March
	2017	2017	2017	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Level 1 assets	132,739,279	125,643,354	112,107,708	112,430,863
Level 2A assets	· · · · ·	5,712,636	3,862,606	-
Level 2B assets	52,145	121,910	137,919	118,591
Total weighted amount of	<u> </u>			
HQLA	132,791,424	131,477,900	116,108,233	112,549,454
		Weighted amount (A	lverage value)	
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	ended	ended	ended	~ ended
	31 December	30 September	30 June	31 March
	2016	2016	2016	2016
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Level 1 assets	106,524,884	75,608,017	57,719,338	33,910,108
Level 2B assets	120,334	121,903	122,484	508,631
Total weighted amount of				
HQLA	106,645,218	75,729,920	57,841,822	34,418,739

To comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Standard Disclosure Template is shown in the appendix.

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

#### 17 Liquidity (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk management strategy

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hong Kong Branch of China Construction Bank Corporation (the "Branch") may not be able to fund the increase in assets or meet obligations as they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses. This may be caused by market disruption or liquidity squeeze whereby the Branch may only unwind specific exposures at significantly discounted values.

The Branch adopts a prudent risk appetite in setting liquidity risk tolerance. Risk appetite is set in the form of liquidity risk limits and metric framework.

The Branch sets its liquidity funding strategy according to the size and sophistication of its business, as well as the nature and complexity of its activities. It also ensures that the Branch complies with applicable statutory and prudential liquidity coverage ratios and requirements.

The objective of the Branch's funding strategy is to strive for a balance between business growth opportunities and funding stability. In setting the Branch's annual budget, the diversity and stability of various funding sources is considered so that the appropriate mix of liabilities is maintained.

The Branch's liquidity cushion consists of cash, balances at central banks and high quality marketable securities issued or guaranteed by sovereigns, central banks, mainland policy banks and non-financial corporate debt securities. The definition of liquidity cushion being held by the Branch is consistent with that of High Quality Liquid Assets for purposes of determining the Branch's Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

The marketability of the Branch's liquidity cushion is periodically reviewed in keeping with market conditions. The size of the liquidity cushion being maintained must be sufficient to meet intraday payments and settlement obligations on a timely basis under both normal and stressed conditions.

The extent of the Branch's maturity mismatch and the sufficiency of liquidity cushion are governed by various liquidity metrics and measurement tools such as maturity mismatch limits and liquidity stress test.

To manage currency mismatch and avoid over-reliance on the currency swap market, the Branch sets limits on swapped fund ratios of major currency positions which are subject to daily monitoring. The swapped fund ratios limit the extent of one currency's assets being funded by other currencies through the swap market.

The funding support provided by CCB Head Office is one of the key sources of liquidity backstop during times of liquidity stress.

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

#### 17 Liquidity (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk management responsibilities

The Executive Committee is ultimately responsible for having an effective liquidity risk management framework in place.

Risk Management Committee ("RMC") is set up to oversee the Branch's overall asset quality as well as resolve all important risk-related or governance issues including those on liquidity risk. The RMC is responsible for providing guidance and overseeing the Branch's liquidity risk management strategy and development; review or approve liquidity risk management policies and review the Branch's liquidity risk position.

The Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO") is a functional committee set up under the Executive Committee to oversee the Branch's liquidity risk management in light of the business strategy.

Regular meetings of various committees are held to review the compliance status of liquidity measurements and the needs for change in strategy and policy. Daily liquidity management is performed by the Treasury. Risk Management Division is responsible for the daily monitoring of the liquidity limits and measurements, and submits regular reports of the Branch's liquidity profile to ALCO and RMC. Internal Audit periodically performs independent reviews on the Branch's liquidity management framework to ensure effectiveness of the Branch's liquidity risk management framework and implementation of the established policies.

### Notes to the financial information (continued)

#### 17 Liquidity (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk management monitoring framework

The Liquidity risk management monitoring framework is formed by the following measures

- Cash Flow Projection is to collect the next 30-day cash flow data arising from loan and deposit business by various front line divisions. By consolidating this projection with the cash flow from Treasury's transactions, the Branch's overall cash flow can be projected and such information will play an important part in the Branch's liquidity funding management.
- Liquidity Stress Testing is regularly conducted to project the Branch's cash flows under stress scenarios for evaluation of the sufficiency of liquidity cushion. The stress scenarios cover institution-specific crisis scenario, general market crisis scenario and combined crisis scenario. The cash flows under each stress scenario are determined by applying a set of prescribed stress assumptions to the Branch's cash flow projection. The potential cash flow arising from off-balance sheet items is included. The stress test results are regularly reported to the RMC and ALCO. The definition of liquidity cushion being held by the Branch is consistent with the definition of High Quality Liquid Assets for purposes of determining the Branch's Liquidity Coverage Ratio. The liquidity cushion should be able to cover projected cash outflows under various prescribed stress scenarios.
- Maturity Profile Analysis analyzes the assets and liabilities by their remaining maturities which are grouped into different time buckets. The potential cash flow arising from off-balance sheet items is included. The gap amount for each time bucket represents the liquidity exposure after netting the assets and liabilities maturing in the same bucket. The Branch monitors gap limits for each time bucket on a daily basis.
- Swapped Fund Ratio is designed to measure the reliance of the Branch on FX Swap market to fund the currency mismatch. The Branch sets limits on swapped fund ratios of major currency positions which are subject to daily monitoring.
- Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the total weighted amount of the Branch's "high quality liquid assets" (HQLA) to the total weighted amount of its "total net cash outflows" over the next 30 calendar days. LCR must be maintained at above the regulatory requirement.

Contingency funding plan ("CFP")

The Branch has a CFP that sets out the Branch's strategies for identifying the occurrence of a liquidity event and the operational procedures for addressing such an emergency situation if it really takes place. The CFP contains a set of early warning indicators that helps to identify any emerging liquidity risks at an early stage. The CFP also includes detailed action steps and properly assigned responsibilities within the liquidity risk management framework. The list of potential funding sources, with due consideration of their reliability, priority and the expected available time during liquidity crisis, is included.

## B. Bank Information (consolidated basis)

I.	Capital and capital adequacy	As at	As at
		31 December 2017	30 June 2017
		RMB million	RMB million
	Total capital ratio	15.5%	14.50%
	Total equity	1,795,827	1,644,602

The capital adequacy ratio is calculated in accordance with the guidelines issued by the China Banking Regulatory Commission. These guidelines are different from the document or Directive referred to in paragraph (a) Section 105 Chapter 155M of Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

II.	Other financial information	As at 31 December 2017 RMB million	As at 30 June 2017 RMB million
	Total assets Total liabilities Total loans and advances to customers Total customer deposits	22,124,383 20,328,556 12,574,473 16,363,754	21,692,067 20,047,465 12,204,730 16,274,393
		For the year en 2017 RMB million	ded 31 December 2016 RMB million
	Profit before tax	299,787	295,210

## Statement of compliance

To the best of my knowledge, the information disclosed complies fully with disclosure provisions of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

Zhang Jun

Chief Executive

China Construction Bank Corporation, Hong Kong Branch

China Construction Bank Corporation - Hong Kong Branch Financial information Disclosure Statement For the year ended 31 December 2017 Appendix: Liquidity Coverage Ratio Standard Disclosure Template

Nur	Number of data points used in calculating the average value of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and related components set out in this Template for the quarter ending on 31 March 2017, 30 June 2017, 30 September 2017 and 31 December 2017	Quarter ended 31 (Number of da	arter ended 31 December 2017 (Number of data points: 61)	Quarter ended 34 (Number of d	Quarter ended 30 September 2017 (Number of data points: 64)	Quarter ender (Number of d	Quarter ended 30 June 2017 (Number of data points: 59)	Quarter ended 31 March 2017 (Number of data points: 62)	1 March 2017 a points: 62)
Č B	Basis of disclosure: Hong Kong office Currency: HK\$'000	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)
₹.	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS								
-	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)		132,791,424		131,477,900		116,108,233		112,549,454
m	B - CASH OUTFLOWS - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 1	がある。		<b>第一个人的时间</b>		10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Mark Control		こうながらな 機能の
7	Retail deposits and small busines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	3 Stable retail deposits and stable small business funding	•	•	•		•		•	•
▼	Less stable retail deposits and less stable small business funding	•	-		•	•	•	•	•
150	Retail term deposits and small business term funding	•			•	•	•	•	•
φ	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) and debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the institution, of which:	128,186,700	78,585,084	162,717,234	123,937,157	164,275,588	134,171,077	149,378,165	122,623,547
	Operational deposits		,	•	•				•
ω	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) not covered in Row 7	115,843,083	66,241,467	146,785,665	108,005,588	149,512,657	119,408,146	138,672,356	111,917,738
6	Debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the institution and redeemable within the LCR period	12,343,617	12,343,617	15,931,569	15,931,569	14,762,931	14,762,931	10,705,809	10,705,809
2	Secured funding transactions (including securities swap transactions)		-		Ta servana		,		1
7	1 Additional requirements, of which	30,177,001	5,411,712	39,447,085	6,401,417	30,143,768	4,704,399	23,321,093	3,405,377
72	Cash outflows arising from derivative contracts and other transactions, and additional liquidity needs arising from related collateral requirements	1,437,912	1,437,912	1,121,016	1,121,016	489,045	489,045	423,703	423,703
£	Ossh outflows arising from obligations under structured financing transactions and repayment of funding obtained from such transactions	•	1	•	•	,	•	•	'
4	4 Potential drawdown of undrawn committed facilities (including committed credit facilities and committed liquidity facilities)	28,739,089	3,973,800	38,326,069	5,280,401	29,654,723	4,215,354	22,897,390	2,981,674
윤	5 Contractual lending obligations (not otherwise covered in Section B) and other contractual cash outflows	2,760,984	2,760,984	1,193,001	1,193,001	4,619,134	4,619,134	2,778,099	2,778,099
\$	5 Other contingent funding obligations (whether contractual or non-contractual)	118,968,012	2,837,907	116,893,034	1,997,348	103,884,021	3,000,112	93,148,341	3,205,573
-	7 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		89,595,687		133,528,923		146,494,722		132,012,596
ő	C. CASH INFLOWS LINE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	Server Terror					CAN COUNTY	· 一个一个一个	
82		581,380	•	1,408,052		2,681,550	•	98,404	•
5	9 Secured and unsecured loans (other than secured lending transactions covered in Row 18) and operational deposits placed at other financial institutions	70,341,684	58,160,024	295'065'89	52,291,384	60,121,238	37,467,294	59,707,884	27,599,278
20	0 Other cash Inflows	20,777,794	7,207,333	19,010,074	10,811,985	13,052,519	13,027,493	11,178,127	11,089,523
2	21 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	91,700,858	65,367,357	84,008,693	63,103,369	75,855,307	50,494,787	70,984,415	38,688,801
'n	D. LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATION OF THE PARTY OF	ALTO COS						200	
22	2 ТОТАL НОLA		132,791,424		131,477,900		116,108,233		112,549,454
ន	3 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		26,470,151		70,425,553		95,999,935		93,323,795
ő	24 LCR(%)		539.60%		190.64%		120.95%		120.60%